VILLAGE OF MANNVILLE

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

DECEMBER 31, 2012

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Mayor and Council of the Village of Mannville

Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Village of Mannville, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2012, and the consolidated statements of operations, changes in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Village of Mannville as at December 31, 2012, and the results of its operations, change in its net financial assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Comparative figures were audited by another accounting firm.

ST.PAUL, ALBERTA March 26, 2013 John M Carthy - Dion CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS



VILLAGE OF MANNVILLE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2012

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (note 2)	\$ 997,177	\$ 723,970
Taxes and grants in place receivable (note 3)	73,373	72,255
Receivable from other governments	26,542	23,339
Trade and other receivables	94,716	148,905
Inventory held for resale	36,928	31,318
Land held for resale	99,427	86,627
Investment in Mannville Housing Corporation		15,908
Long-term investments (note 4)	5,234	<u> 171,198</u>
	<u>1,333,397</u>	1,273,520
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 5)	395,165	399,969
Tax sale surplus	6,328	6,328
Deferred revenue (note 6)	388,828	364,323
Long-term debt (note 8)	233,213	<u>132,381</u>
	1,023,534	903,001
Net financial assets	309,863	370,519
Non-financial assets		
Tangible capital assets (schedule 2)	8,787,083	8,749,861
Inventory	13,707	13,707
Prepaid expenses	<u>8,257</u>	6,802
	<u>8,809,047</u>	<u>8,770,370</u>
Accumulated surplus (note 11)	\$ <u>9,118,910</u>	\$ <u>9,140,889</u>

Contingencies (note 17)

Approved by:

Mayor

VILLAGE OF MANNVILLE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	<u>Budget</u> (unaudited)	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Revenue			
Net municipal taxes (schedule 3)	\$ 638,273	\$ 644,726	\$ 613,316
Sales and user fees	909,905	958,007	833,485
Government transfers for operating (schedule 4)	427,497	335,013	241,613
Investment income	8,000	14,726	12,084
Penalties and costs on taxes	15,000	14,965	15,839
Rentals	23,485	16,544	19,581
Franchise revenues	67,000	67,907	67,830
Licenses and permits	5,650	4,352	16,365
Other	<u>22,250</u>	<u>21,619</u>	<u>64,624</u>
Expenses	<u>2,117,060</u>	<u>2,077,859</u>	1,884,737
Administration and legislative	482,399	200.400	416.040
Protective services	110,920	299,400 72,565	416,042 84,902
Bylaw enforcement	24,910	13,673	22,102
Roads, streets, walks, lighting	347,685	352,988	390,719
Water supply and distribution	113,420	125,549	247,403
Wastewater treatment and disposal	78,942	123,004	113,771
Waste management	156,842	237,655	211,418
Family and community support services	98,917	107,479	103,474
Cemetery	21,585	20,000	23,372
Economic and agricultural development	18,985	19,980	37,563
Subdivision land and development	61,965	12,301	11,654
Recreation and culture	305,015	292,725	363,729
Golf course	<u> 388,905</u>	459,237	<u>451,194</u>
	<u>2,210,490</u>	<u>2,136,556</u>	<u>2,477,343</u>
Deficiency of revenue over expenses before other	(93,430)	(58,697)	(592,606)
Other			
Government transfers for capital (schedule 4)	252,170	<u>36,718</u>	<u>82,938</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses	158,740	(21,979)	(509,668)
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year	<u>9,140,889</u>	9,140,889	<u>9,650,557</u>
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$ <u>9,299,629</u>	\$ <u>9,118,910</u>	\$ <u>9,140,889</u>

VILLAGE OF MANNVILLE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	<u>Budget</u> (unaudited)	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	\$ <u>158,740</u>	\$ <u>(21,979</u>)	\$ (<u>509,668</u>)
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets	(943,270) 376,800	(390,683) 353,461	(84,997) <u>364,299</u>
	(<u>566,470</u>)	(37,222)	<u>279,302</u>
Acquisition of prepaid expenses Use of prepaid expenses Use of supplies inventories		(8,257) 6,802	(6,802) 22,097 _21,037
		<u>(1,455</u>)	<u>36,332</u>
Decrease in net financial assets	(407,730)	(60,656)	(194,034)
Net financial assets, beginning of year	<u>370,519</u>	<u>370,519</u>	<u>564,553</u>
Net financial assets (debt), end of year	\$ <u>(37,211)</u>	\$ <u>309,863</u>	\$ <u>370,519</u>

VILLAGE OF MANNVILLE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Net inflow (outflow) of cash related to the following activities:		
Operating		
Deficiency of revenues over expenses	\$ (21,979)	\$ (509,668)
Non-cash items included	, ,	, , ,
Amortization of tangible capital assets	353,461	364,299
Non-cash charges to operations (net change):		
Decrease (increase) in	(1.110)	11.005
Taxes and grants in place receivable Receivables from other governments	(1,118)	11,095
Trade and other receivables	(3,203) 54,189	121,032
Inventory of materials and supplies	J 4 ,103	60,762 21,037
Inventory held for resale	(5,610)	(2,856)
Land held for resale	(12,800)	(38,170)
Prepaid expenses	(1,455)	15,295
Increase (decrease) in		-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(4,804)	(17,799)
Deposit liabilities and deferred revenue	<u>24,505</u>	<u>277,391</u>
Net cash from operations	<u>381,186</u>	<u>302,418</u>
Capital		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(390,683)	<u>(84,997</u>)
Investing		
Decrease (increase) in restricted cash or cash equivalents	43,750	(276,483)
Decrease in investment in Mannville Housing Corporation	15,908	(=:0,100)
Decrease (increase) in investments	<u>165,964</u>	(5,844)
	225,622	(282,327)
Financing	<u>ZZJ,0ZZ</u>	(<u>202,321</u>)
Issuance of new debenture	114,000	
Repayment of long-term debt	(13,168)	(12,619)
Repayment of capital lease obligation		(7,564)
	100,832	(20,183)
Change in cash and cash equivalents during the year	316,957	(85,089)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	<u>377,154</u>	462,243
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ <u>694,111</u>	\$ <u>377,154</u>
Change and cash equivalents is made up of:		
Cash (note 6)	\$ 997,177	\$ 722 070
Less: restricted cash	(303,066)	\$ 723,970 (<u>346,816</u>)
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ <u>694,111</u>	\$ <u>377,154</u>

VILLAGE OF MANNVILLE SCHEDULE 1 – CHANGES IN ACCUMULATED SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Unrestricted Surplus	Restricted Surplus	Equity in Tangible Capital Assets	2012	2011
Balance, beginning of year	\$ (111,269)	\$ 634,678	\$ 8,617,480	\$ 9,140,889	\$ 9,650,557
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses	(21,979)	ľ	1	(21,979)	(509,668)
Unrestricted funds designated for future use	(138,055)	138,055	I	1	1
Restricted funds used for operations	200,000	(200,000)	!	I	1
Current year funds used for tangible capital assets	(276,683)	ł	276,683	}	1
Annual amortization expense	353,461	1	(353,461)	1	l
Long-term debt repaid	(13,168)		13,168		1
Change in accumulated surplus	103,576	(61,945)	(63,610)	(21,979)	(509,568)
Balance, end of year	\$ (7,693)	\$ 572,733	\$ 8,553,870	\$ 9,118,910	\$ 9,140,889

VILLAGE OF MANNVILLE SCHEDULE 2 - TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Land	Land <u>Improvements</u>	Buildings	Engineered Structures	Machinery & Equipment	Vehicles	2012	2011
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 413,244	\$ 437,570	\$ 6,179,301	\$ 7,779,753	\$ 917,679	\$ 169,980	\$ 15,897,527	\$ 15,812,530
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	1	156,125	i		138,337		294,462	84,997
Construction in progress	1	i	!	96,221	ŧ	ł	96,221	ł
Disposition of tangible capital assets		1		1	!	i i	Ĭ.	
Balance, end of year	413,244	593,695	6,179,301	7,875,974	1,056,016	169,980	16,288,210	15,897,527
Accumulated amortization								
Balance, beginning of year	1	146,645	2,704,885	3,562,204	625,020	108,912	7,147,666	6,783,367
Annual amortization	ł	9,725	123,489	172,876	37,476	9,895	353,461	364,299
Accumulated amortization on disposals	**************************************	I .		***			1	9 12
Balance, end of year	1	156,370	2,828,374	3,735,080	662,496	118,807	7,501,127	7,147,666
Net book value of tangible capital assets	\$ 413,244	\$ 437,325	\$ 3,350,927	\$ 4,140,894	\$ 393,520	\$ 51,173	\$ 8,787,083	\$ 8,749,861
2011 Net book value of tangible capital assets	\$ 413,244	\$ 290,925	\$ 3,474,416	\$ 4,217,549	\$ 292,659	\$ 61,068	\$ 8,749,861	

VILLAGE OF MANNVILLE SCHEDULE 3 - PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Taxation	Budget (unaudited)	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>		
Real property taxes Linear property		\$ 727,242 <u>37,720</u>	\$ 686,437 36,919		
Requisitions	\$ <u>758,513</u>	<u>764,962</u>	723,356		
Alberta School Foundation Fund MD of Minburn Foundation	112,785 7,455	112,783 7,453	102,810 7,230		
	120,240		<u></u>		
Net taxes for general municipal operations	\$ <u>638,273</u>	\$ <u>644,726</u>	\$ <u>613,316</u>		
SCHEDULE 4 - GOVE	RNMENT TRAN	SFERS	·		
Transfers for operations					
Federal Provincial	\$ 12,505	\$ 9,349	\$ 28,257		
Local governments	302,473 	254,168 71,496	120,329 93,027		
2000 80 (01111101111)					
Transfers for capital	427,497	335,013	241,613		
Provincial	_252,170	36,718	82,938		
Total gayormant transfers		··			
Total government transfers	\$ <u>679,667</u>	\$ <u>371,731</u>	\$ <u>324,551</u>		
SCHEDULE 5 - CONSOLIDATED EXPENSES BY OBJECT					
Expenses					
Salaries, wages and benefits	\$ 583,504	\$ 694,242	\$ 716,377		
Contracted and general services	563,669	581,518	613,523		
Materials, goods, supplies and utilities Provision for allowances	285,725	248,828	290,084		
Transfers to other governments	7,000	25,623	101,154		
Transfers to local boards and organizations	171,757	24,343 183,636	41,219 331,422		
Bank charges and short-term interest	6,910	6,527	5,806		
Interest on long-term debt	21,185	3,478	5,245		
Amortization	376,800	353,461	364,299		
Other	<u> 193,940</u>	<u>14,900</u>	<u>8,214</u>		
Total expenses	\$ <u>2,210,490</u>	\$ <u>2,136,556</u>	\$ <u>2,477,343</u>		

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VILLAGE OF MANNVILLE SCHEDULE 6 – SEGMENTED DISCLOSURE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	General Government \$ 644,726 3	Protective Services \$ 20,887	Transportation Services \$	Environmental Services \$ 128,704	€9	Planning and Development \$ 17,254	Recreation and Culture \$	Total \$ 644,726
11,650		20,887	13,425 3,105	128,704 498,441	101,736 9,675	17,254 320	78,075 442,213	371,731 958,007
14,726	<u>\&</u> \&	 4,44 <u>7</u>	5,286	757	750	 8,468	8,541	14,726 125,387
768,278	တ္ပ	29,549	21,816	627,902	112,161	26,042	528,829	2,114,577
135,123		33,775	77,613	140,570	14,045	21,568	271,548	694,242
96,520		27,116	39,677	216,137	6,151	10,713	185,204	581,518
17,905		14,747	108,171	40,317	449	i	67,239	248,828
ŀ		2,676	1	20,816	106,834	Park Area	77,653	207,979
!		1	70	l	l	# #	3,408	3,478
44,813	col (-	f	2,237	47,050
294,361	 1	78,314	225,531	417,840	127,479	32,281	607,289	1,783,095
473,917	7	(48,765)	(203,715)	210,062	(15,318)	(6,239)	(78,460)	331,482
(5,039)	<u>a</u>	(7.924)	(127,457)	(68,368)	1 *	1	(144,673)	(353,461)
\$ 468,878		\$ (56,689)	\$ (331,172)	\$ 141,694	\$ (15,318)	\$ (6,239)	\$ (223,133)	\$ (21,979)

VILLAGE OF MANNVILLE SCHEDULE 7 – GOLF COURSE REVENUE AND EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	<u>Budget</u> (unaudited)	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Revenue Fees and rentals Sale of golf inventory Sale of confections Camping Grants	\$ 170,400 53,500 116,590 16,700 	\$ 187,457 66,820 124,068 16,751 4,000	\$ 186,382 54,645 109,521 14,317 13,312
	360,390	399,096	378,177
Amortization Advertising Bank charges Confections Freight and telephone Golf inventory Insurance Interest on capital leases and long-term debt Property taxes Repairs and maintenance Supplies Utilities Wages and benefits	1,000 9,650 3,360 60,945 6,097 37,450 2,500 21,185 7,000 37,102 6,901 25,364 170,351	41,639 11,195 2,236 66,632 6,858 53,815 3,366 3,408 7,754 40,178 10,818 27,109 184,229	48,290 11,316 2,595 63,062 6,469 45,054 2,150 5,245 6,796 44,090 11,291 23,914 180,922
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses - before other	388,905	459,237	451,194
Other	(28,515)	(60,141)	(73,017)
Government transfers for capital (schedule 4)	8,000	3,175	<u>11,647</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses	(20,515)	(56,966)	(61,370)
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets	(201,920) 1,000	(163,425) 41,639	(47,140) 48,290
Acquisition of golf inventory	(<u>200,920</u>)	<u>(121,786)</u>	1,150
Decrease in net assets	\$ (221,43 <u>5</u>)	(5,610) \$(184,362)	(2,856) \$ (63,076)
Net book value of golf course tangible capital asse		Ψ <u>(10π,202</u>)	Ψ <u>((02,070</u>)
Balance, beginning of year Acquisition of tangible capital assets Annual amortization		\$ 1,074,148 163,425 (41,639)	\$ 1,067,298 55,140 (48,290)
Balance, end of year		\$ <u>1,195,934</u>	\$ <u>1,074,148</u>

1. Significant Accounting Policies

The consolidated financial statements of the Village of Mannville are the representations of management prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles for local governments established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants. Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the municipality are as follows:

(a) Reporting Entity

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and change in financial position of the reporting entity. This entity is comprised of the municipal operations plus all of the organizations that are owned or controlled by the village and are, therefore, accountable to the village Council for the administration of their financial affairs and resources.

The schedule of taxes levied also includes requisitions for education, health, social and other external organizations that are not part of the municipal reporting entity.

The statements exclude trust assets that are administered for the benefit of external parties. Interdepartmental and organizational transactions and balances are eliminated.

(b) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenue as it is earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable based upon receipt of goods or services and/or the legal obligation to pay.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

(c) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Where measurement uncertainty exists, the financial statements have been prepared within reasonable limits of materiality. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(d) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are defined as petty cash, cash in chequing and savings accounts adjusted for outstanding cheques and deposits, and guaranteed investment certificates maturing in the next twelve months.

(e) <u>Investments</u>

Investments are recorded at amortized cost. Investment premiums and discounts are amortized on the net present value basis over the term of the respective investments. When there has been a loss in value that is other than a temporary decline, the respective investment is written down to recognize the loss.

(f) Inventories Held for Resale

Inventories of materials and supplies for consumption are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value with cost determined by the average cost method.

Land held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost includes costs for land acquisition and improvements required to prepare the land for servicing such as clearing, stripping, and leveling charges. Related development costs incurred to provide infrastructure such as water and wastewater services, roads, sidewalks and street lighting are recorded as physical assets under their respective function.

(g) Requisition Over-levy and Under-levy

Over-levies and under-levies arise from the difference between the actual property tax levy made to cover each requisition and the actual amount requisitioned.

If the actual levy exceeds the requisition, the over-levy is accrued as a liability and property tax revenue is reduced. Where the actual levy is less than the requisition amount, the under-levy is accrued as a receivable and as property tax revenue.

Requisition tax rates in the subsequent year are adjusted for any over-levies or under-levies of the prior year.

(h) Government Transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements as revenue in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be determined.

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(i) Prepaid Local Improvement Charges

Construction and borrowing costs associated with local improvement projects are recovered through annual special assessments during the period of the related borrowings. These levies are collectable from property owners for work performed by the municipality.

Where a taxpayer has elected to prepay the outstanding local improvement charges, such amounts are recorded as deferred revenue. Deferred revenue is amortized to revenue on a straight line basis over the remaining term of the related borrowings.

In the event that the prepaid amounts are applied against the related borrowings, the deferred revenue is amortized to revenue by an amount equal to the debt repayment.

(j) Landfill Closure and Post-closure Liability

Pursuant to the Alberta Environmental Protection and Enhancement Act, the municipality is required to fund the closure of its landfill site and provide for post-closure care of the facility. Closure and post-closure activities include the final clay cover, landscaping as well as surface and ground water monitoring, leachate control and visual inspection. The requirement is being provided for over the estimated remaining life of the landfill site based on usage.

(k) Non-Financial Assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the normal course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenues over expenses, provides the consolidated Change in Net Financial Assets (Debt) for the year.

(i) Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The costs, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	25-50
Engineered structures	
Water system	35-75
Wastewater system	35-75
Other engineered structures	20-60
Machinery and equipment	5-40
Vehicles	10-20
Land improvements	10-25

No amortization is charged in the year of acquisition or in the year of disposal. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(k) Non-Financial Assets (continued)

(ii) Contributions of Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at fair value at the date of receipt and also are recoded as revenue.

(iii) Leases

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as capital leases. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related lease payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

(iv) Inventories

Inventories held for consumption are recorded at the lower of cost and replacement cost.

		<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
		172,160 6,572	\$ 130 717,414 22 6,404 \$ 723,970
ble		<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
		31,082 (<u>13,540</u>)	\$ 78,960 6,835 (13,540) \$ 72,255
	2012		2011
Cost	Market Valu	ie Cost	Market Value
\$ 162 <u>5,072</u> \$ <u>5,234</u>	<u>5,072</u>	162 	\$ 165,757 162
	Cost \$ 162 5,072	\$ 2012 Cost Market Value \$ \$ 162 162 5,072 5,072	\$ 130 818,315 172,160

5. Employee Benefit Obligation

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities is a vacation liability of \$16,297 (2011 - \$12,945). The vacation liability is comprised of the vacation that employees have earned and are entitled to within the next budgetary year.

6.	Deferred Revenue	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
	Basic Municipal Transportation Grant	\$ 134,433	\$ 88,773
	Municipal Internship Program	·	13,367
	MSI capital	89,316	126,034
	Municipal Sponsorship Program	9,674	9,674
	Federal Gas Tax Fund	78,412	43,459
	MSI operating	74,881	64,710
	Other	2,112	<u> 18,306</u>
		\$ <u>388,828</u>	\$ <u>364,323</u>

Funding from various grant programs in the amount of \$388,828 remained unspent at the end of the current year. The use of these funds is restricted to eligible operating and capital projects as approved under the funding agreements. Most of the projects are scheduled for completion in 2013. Deferred revenue is supported by cash in the amount of \$303,066 (2011 - \$346,816) held exclusively for these projects.

7. Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Liability

Alberta environmental law requires closure and post-closure care of landfill sites, which includes final covering and landscaping, pumping of ground water and leachates from the site, and ongoing environmental monitoring, site inspections and maintenance.

The accrued liabilities for closure and post-closure care of the municipality's landfill sites are recognized over the life of the sites, using the net present value of the total estimated costs of closure and post-closure care, prorated on the basis of the current capacity, in cubic meters, utilized over the total estimated capacity of the sites. The net present value or the estimated closure and post-closure costs were calculated using a rate of return equal to 6.25%.

All partner municipalities of the Mannville site approved forming a Waste Management Commission as a legal operating entity. The partnership passed a motion to close the Mannville site and convert it to a transfer station. The partnership anticipates the transfer station to be operational during 2013. These costs will be expensed in the year incurred less any related funding.

7. Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Liability (continued)

The municipality has not designated assets for settling closure and post-closure liabilities. The following summarizes the total net present value of the estimated costs for closure and post closure:

			<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
	Estimated closure costs Estimated post-closure costs		\$ 300,000 200,180	\$ 254,000 <u>191,910</u>
	Estimated total liability		\$ <u>500,180</u>	\$ <u>445,910</u>
	Village of Manville's prorate share of	estimated	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
	closure and post-closure costs (36.0 Amount accrued to December 31, 201)	01%) (2011 – 32.5%)	\$ 180,115 (<u>180,115</u>)	\$ 120,115 (<u>120,115</u>)
			\$	\$
8.	Long-Term Debt		<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
	Tax supported debentures		\$ <u>233,213</u>	\$ <u>132,381</u>
	Principal and interest are as follows:			
		<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
	2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 Thereafter	\$ 35,534 36,279 37,041 37,820 38,617 47,922	\$ 5,071 4,326 3,564 2,785 1,988 2,437	\$ 40,605 40,605 40,605 40,605 40,605 50,359
		\$ <u>233,213</u>	\$ <u>20,171</u>	\$ <u>253,384</u>

Debenture debt is repayable to the Alberta Capital Finance Authority and bears interest at rates ranging from 1.603% to 2.875% per annum and mature in periods 2017 through 2020. The average annual interest rate is 2.875% for 2012 (2.875% for 2011).

Debenture debt is issued on the credit and security of the Village of Mannville at large.

Interest on long-term debt amounted to \$3,478 (2011 - \$5,385).

The municipality's total cash payments for interest in 2012 were \$3,619 (2011 -\$4,169).

9. Debt Limits

Section 276(2) of the Municipal Government Act requires that debt and debt limits as defined by Alberta Regulation 255/00 for the municipality be disclosed as follows:

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Total debt limit Total debt Amount of debt limit unused	\$ 3,116,788 _(233,213) \$ 2,883,575	\$ 2,827,106 (132,381) \$ 2,694,725
Debt servicing limit Debt servicing	\$ 519,464 (40,605)	\$ 471,184 (16,787)
	\$ <u>478,859</u>	\$ <u>454,397</u>

The debt limit is calculated at 1.5 times revenue of the municipality (as defined in Alberta Regulation 255/00) and the debt service limit is calculated at 0.25 times such revenue. Incurring debt beyond these limitations requires approval by the Minister of Municipal Affairs. These thresholds are guidelines used by Alberta Municipal Affairs to identify municipalities that could be at financial risk if further debt is acquired. The calculation taken alone does not represent the financial stability of the municipality. Rather, the financial statements must be interpreted as a whole.

10.	Equity in Tangible Capital Assets	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
	Tangible capital assets (schedule 2)	\$ 16,288,210	\$ 15,897,527
	Accumulated amortization (schedule 2)	(7,501,127)	(7,147,666)
	Long-term debt (note 8)	(233,213)	(132,381)
		\$ 8.553.870	\$ 8,617,480

11. Accumulated Surplus

Accumulated surplus consists of restricted and unrestricted amounts and equity in tangible capital assets as follows:

-	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Unrestricted surplus	\$ (7,693)	\$ (111,269)
Restricted surplus	``,	
Fire equipment replacement	29,800	29,800
Public works equipment replacement	197,815	247,815
Cemetery contributions	9,000	9,000
Subdivisions development	39,300	39,300
Waste collection transfer station	35,300	135,300
Sanitary transfer station	10,000	10,000
Recreation equipment replacement	10,500	10,500
Landfill equipment replacement	27,775	77,775
Water equipment replacement	75,188	75,188
Water capital reserve	91,837	
Sewer capital reserve	46,218	
Equity in tangible capital assets (note 10)	<u>8,553,870</u>	<u>8,617,480</u>
	\$ <u>9,118,910</u>	\$ <u>9,140,889</u>

12. Segmented Disclosure

The municipality provides a range of services to its ratepayers. For each reported segment, revenues and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the financial statements as disclosed in note 1.

Refer to the Schedule of Segmented disclosure (schedule 6).

13. Salary And Benefits Disclosure

Disclosure of salaries and benefits for municipal officials and the chief administrative officer and designated officers as required by Alberta Regulation 313/2000 is as follows:

			2012		<u>2011</u>
	·	Salary ⁽¹⁾	Benefits & Allowances ⁽²⁾	Total	Total
Mayor –	Huppertz	\$ 6,600	\$ 45	\$ 6,645	\$ 6,644
Deputy Mayor -	Hatch	6,850	61	6,911	6,343
Councillors -	Good	7,950	99	8,049	8,826
•	Betz	6,750	. 58	6,808	3,251
	McLuckie	7,050	73	7,123	3,675
	Annis				2,270
	Ruttan				4,056
CAO –	Thelma Rogers	63,063	10,477	73,540	16,616
Former CAO –	Candace Dueck				55,015

⁽¹⁾ Salary includes regular base pay, bonuses, overtime, lump sum payments, gross honoraria and any other direct cash remuneration.

14. Local Authorities Pension Plan

Employees of the village participate in the Local Authorities Pension Plan (LAPP), which is one of the plans covered by the Alberta Public Sector Pension Plans Act. The LAPP serves about 214,238 people and 423 employers. The LAPP is financed by employer and employee contributions and by investment earnings of the LAPP Fund.

⁽²⁾ Employer's share of all employee benefits and contributions or payments made on behalf of employees including pension and health plan.

14. Local Authorities Pension Plan (continued)

Contributions for current service are recorded as expenditures in the year in which they become due.

The municipality is required to make current service contributions to the LAPP of 9.91% of pensionable earnings up to the year's maximum pensionable earnings under the Canada Pension Plan and 13.74% on pensionable earnings above this amount. Employees of the municipality are required to make current service contributions of 8.91% of pensionable salary up to the year's maximum pensionable salary and 12.74% on pensionable salary above this amount.

Total current service contributions by the municipality to the LAPP in 2012 were \$6,746 (2011 - \$4,390). Total current service contributions by the employees of the municipality to the LAPP in 2012 were \$6,115 (2011 - \$3,957).

At December 31, 2010, the LAPP disclosed an actuarial deficiency of \$4.635 billion.

15. Commitments

The municipality of Mannville has entered into a three year contract with Wainwright Assessment Group. This contract expires in 2013.

16. Lease Commitments

The village is committed to making quarterly payments of \$729 until July 2015 under a photocopier lease, six payments per annum of \$698 until October 2014 under a golf cart lease and monthly payments of \$567 until June 2013 under a computer lease.

\$10,516	2013
7,104	2014
<u>729</u>	2015
\$ <u>18,349</u>	

17. Contingencies

The municipality is a member of the Alberta Municipal Insurance Exchange (MUNIX). Under the terms of membership, the municipality could become liable for its proportionate share of any claim losses in excess of the funds held by the exchange. Any liability incurred would be accounted for as a current transaction in the year the losses are determined.

18. Financial Instruments

The municipality's financial instruments consist of cash, accounts receivable, investments, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, trust liability, and obligations under capital leases. It is management's opinion that the municipality is not exposed to significant interest or currency risks arising from these financial instruments.

The municipality is subject to credit risk with respect to taxes and grants in place of taxes receivables and trade and other receivables. Credit risk arises from the possibility that taxpayers and entities to which the municipality provides services may experience financial difficulty and be unable to fulfill their obligations. The large number and diversity of taxpayers and customers minimizes the credit risk.

Unless otherwise noted, the carrying value of the financial instrument approximates fair value.

19. Approval of Financial Statements

Council and Management have approved these financial statements.

20. Comparative Figures

Certain of the 2011 comparative figures have been restated to conform to the current year's financial statement presentation.